請考生依指示 填寫准考證末兩碼

# 112年國中教育會考

# 英語科閱讀試題本

### 請不要翻到次頁!

### **讀完本頁的說明,聽從監試委員的指示才開始作答!** ※請先確認你的答案卡、准考證與座位號碼是否一致無誤。

請閱讀以下測驗作答說明:

測驗說明:

這是國中教育會考英語科閱讀試題本,試題本採雙面印刷,共<u>12頁</u>,有 <u>43</u>題選擇題,每題都只有<u>一個</u>正確或最佳的答案。測驗時間從10:30到

11:30, 共 60 分鐘。作答開始與結束請聽從監試委員的指示。

#### 注意事項:

1. 所有試題均為四選一的選擇題,答錯不倒扣。

2. 試題本分為單題和題組兩部分。

3. 部分試題中的單字或片語加註中文,以利參考。

 依試場規則規定,答案卡上不得書寫姓名座號,也不得作任何標記。
 <u>故意汙損答案卡、損壞試題本,或在答案卡上顯示自己身分者,該科</u> 考試不予計列等級。

作答方式:

請依照題意從四個選項中選出<u>一個</u>正確或最佳的答案,並用 2B 鉛筆在答案 卡上相應的位置畫記,請務必將選項塗黑、塗滿。如果需要修改答案,請 使用橡皮擦擦拭乾淨,重新塗黑答案。例如答案為 B,則將 B 選項塗黑、 塗滿,即: A ● C D

以下為錯誤的畫記方式,可能導致電腦無法正確判讀。如:

- A B C D 一未將選項塗滿
- ▲ B C D 一未將選項塗黑
- A● C D 一未擦拭乾淨
- A● C D 一塗出選項外
- A●●D一同時塗兩個選項

請聽到鐘聲響起,於試題本右上角方 格內填寫准考證末兩碼,再翻頁作答 第一部分:單題(第1-23題,共23題)

1.	Look at the picture. 7 (A) bag (B) basket (C) bowl (D) box	Γhe man is holding a	of grapes in his h	hands.
2.	Dennis enjoys	_in public. He is prou	d of his beautiful voice	
	(A) dancing	(B) drawing	(C) shopping	(D) singing
3.	Mrs. Johnson can't h	ear very well. If you n	eed to talk to her, you	must
	(A) explain	(B) hurry	(C) listen	(D) shout
4.	People got very excite	ed when they watched	Ms. Smith at th	ne party.
	(A) danced	(B) dancing	(C) has danced	(D) to dance
5.	I tried on these shoes i (A) colors	n several different (B) prices		nite pair looked best on me. (D) sizes
6.		arthquake this mornin (B) was jogging		
7.	Mr. Lee has worked i	n the same store for ter	n years; he's never thou	ight about his job.
	(A) changing	(B) finding	(C) remembering	(D) starting
8.	I didn't take the bus students were standir	5	All the seats	s were taken and a lot of
	(A) dirty	(B) fast	(C) full	(D) wrong
9.	Don't go away when	you're cooking,	the food might burn.	
	(A) but	(B) if	(C) or	(D) so
10.	Jerry wanted to know good reason.	whe was kick	ed off the soccer team	n, but no one gave him a
	(A) where	(B) when	(C) whether	(D) why
11.		y, doesn't have a job an		for her parents. To them,

(A) daughter	(B) example	(C) gift	(D) headache
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12.	12. Ed and Jill camping this weekend, so they have to finish their homework by Fr			
	(A) went	(B) were going	(C) are going	(D) have gone
13.	Doraemon, a blue Jar	banese robot cat, has h	ated mice since his ear	s by a mouse.
-	(A) bit	(B) bite	(C) were bitten	
14.	If we play some inter	esting games in class,	there more fun	in learning English.
	(A) are	(B) has	(C) will be	(D) will have
15.	The of this she	op was so bad; I never g	got any answer after I e	mailed them my questions.
	(A) item	(B) business	(C) price	(D) service
16.	It's not easy to see th	ose islands clearly from	m here on sunny days,	and it's even less
	to see them on cloudy	v days.		
	(A) difficult	(B) lucky	(C) possible	(D) special
17.	Do you remember the Look, here it is!	e CD I was looking fo	r for months? I	_found it in a small shop.
	(A) almost	(B) even	(C) finally	(D) still
18.	<ol> <li>Business at Jane's shop has not been good these days. And the new supermarket acros street only makes things</li> </ol>			
	(A) easier		(C) more boring	(D) more convenient
19.	Scott wasn't sure if th	ne young woman before	e him was pulle	ed him out of a car on fire.
	(A) who	(B) the one	(C) the one she	(D) the one who
20.		or several years before	I went to this high scho	ool. I gave it up because of
	heavy schoolwork.			
	(A) have practiced	(B) am practicing	(C) practiced	(D) would practice
21.	Frank Kane is so goo			ll win the best actor prize.
	(A) expect	(B) forget	(C) notice	(D) plan
22.	The new medicine th	at just came out on the	e market thousa	nds of lives.
	(A) and saved	(B) has saved	(C) saving	(D) to save
23.	Now I often think of quietly beside me.	those days with Pip, n	ny pet dog. When I rea	ad in my room, he
		(B) comes and sits	(C) has come and sat	(D) used to come and sit

(A) will come and sit (B) comes and sits (C) has come and sat (D) used to come and sit

#### (24-25)

Four Seasons' Kitchen				
<b>Opening hours:</b> 2:00~8:00 pm Tuesday~Sunday (We're closed on Mondays and <b>the second Sunday</b> of every month.)				
Sandwiches	Drinks			
Beach Sandwich \$70 Bread + Fish + Lettuce	<b>Spring Rain</b> \$50 Green Tea + Guava + Lemon			
<b>Garden Sandwich</b> \$80 Bread + Chicken + Tomatoes + Cheese	<b>Summer Rainbow</b> \$60 Milk + Watermelon			
<b>Sunday Sandwich</b> \$90 Bread + Egg + Steak + Ham + Lettuce	<b>Autumn Wind</b> \$60 Black Tea + Apple			
	Winter Snow \$70 Chocolate Milk + Ice Cream			
Good News: Star-Collecting Plan				
★ You get a star by order	ing a sandwich or a drink.			
★ With 15 stars, you can	get a \$60 drink for free!			

24. Amy went to Four Seasons' Kitchen with her mother after she collected 15 stars. They ordered two Garden Sandwiches, an Autumn Wind, and a Winter Snow. After using the stars, how much did they pay for their meals?

(A) \$290. (B) \$230.

(C) \$220.

(D) \$160.

- 25. Amy wants to bring her friends to Four Seasons' Kitchen in August. She looks at her calendar to pick a time to go there. Which are the time and date she [1] calendar 月曆 can choose?
  - (A) 8:30 pm, August 1.
  - (B) 5:00 pm, August 11.
  - (C) 3:00 pm, August 13.
  - (D) 2:00 pm, August 28.

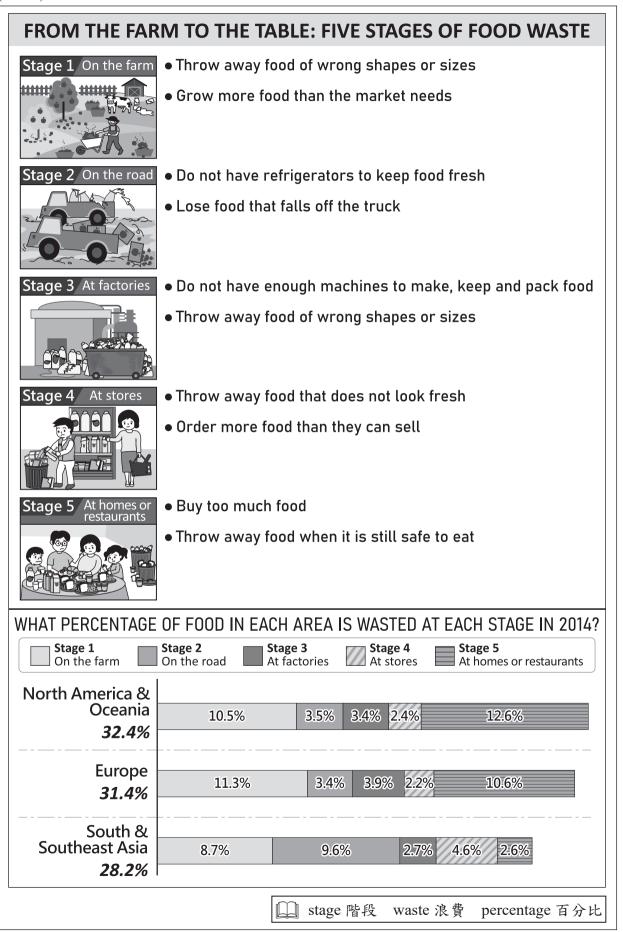
	August						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	
		1	2	3	4	5	
				Summe	r camp	camp	
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
					Party at Ken's		
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
Family trip to the Sou			outh				
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
Family trip to the South							
27 Clean the house	28		30 Baseball game at 6	31			

(26-27)

	Cla	ss: <u>Science</u> Date: <u>2020/6/17</u>			
	What Should You Do If You Find a E	Baby Bird Out of the Nest?			
	If the bird is HURT:				
	Call the animal center (0-123-4567).				
	OR				
	Carefully pick the bird up and take it to	an animal hospital.			
	(Keep it warm and don't give it any foo	pd!)			
T					
T	If the bird is NOT HURT:				
	<ul> <li>If it has FEW FEATHERS:</li> </ul>	People believe birds will give			
	+ You CAN reach the nest up their babies if they have				
T	ightarrow Put the bird back.	the smell of people on them.			
T	+ If you CAN'T find or reach the nest				
	$\rightarrow$ Call the animal center.				
	0 If it has FEATHERS:	( WRONG! Birds don't care! )			
	+ Just leave it there!				
T	(It's learning how to fly!)				
		L nest 鳥巢 feather 羽毛			

- 26. According to the notes, which is the WRONG way to help a baby bird that is out of its nest?(A) Feed it before you take it to a hospital.
  - (B) Leave it alone if it is not hurt and has feathers.
  - (C) Call the animal center if you can't find its nest.
  - (D) Put it back in its nest if it is not hurt and has few feathers.
- 27. According to the notes, what do birds do if their babies have the smell of people on them?(A) They keep taking care of them.
  - (B) They push them out of the nest.
  - (C) They clean them until the smell goes away.
  - (D) They leave them behind and move to a new nest.

請翻頁繼續作答



- 28. According to the reading, which is one of the reasons for food waste?
  - (A) Stores do not know how to pack food well.
  - (B) Farmers do not have enough machines to collect food.
  - (C) There is no refrigerator on the truck to keep food fresh.
  - (D) Factories do not have enough trucks to carry food to stores.
- 29. Which is true about food waste at each stage in the three parts of the world?
  - (A) For each area, the highest percentage of food waste happens at Stage 5.
  - (B) Europe has a lower percentage of food waste at Stage 3 than the other two areas.
  - (C) North America & Oceania has a higher percentage of food waste at Stage 1 than Europe.
  - (D) South & Southeast Asia has a higher percentage of food waste at Stage 4 than the other two areas.

Sometimes when the rain falls hard and fast on you, it might hurt a little. But what happens when it hits a mosquito? A 2012 study says when a raindrop falls on a mosquito, it's like when a bus hits a person. Besides, the little insect is hit by a raindrop about once every 20 seconds. So why don't we see many dead mosquitoes after it rains?

A mosquito is as big as a raindrop, but it is much lighter -0.002 g only. This saves its life in raindrop attacks. Because the mosquito is so light, when it is hit by a raindrop, it won't experience a force that is strong enough to kill it.

The study also found that when a mosquito is hit by a raindrop, the insect is pushed by the raindrop and falls together with it. But the mosquito doesn't get wet easily because it is covered with hairs which keep off water. After dropping about 6 cm, it will roll off the raindrop and fly away.

However, this <u>trick</u> isn't always successful. If the mosquito flies too low when it is hit by the raindrop, it won't have time to fly off. Then it will hit the ground and meet its death.

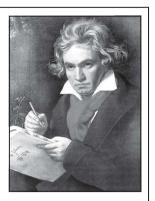
[] force 力量

- 30. What is the  $\underline{trick}$  that the mosquito uses in rain?
  - (A) It shakes its body fast enough to get water off.
  - (B) It drops with the raindrop and then rolls off it.
  - (C) It flies behind the raindrop and pushes it away.
  - (D) It rides on the raindrop and lands on the ground.
- 31. What keeps a mosquito safe in the rain?
  - (A) It is very light.
  - (B) It has no body hairs.
  - (C) It is as big as a raindrop.
  - (D) It is strong enough to fight the force of a raindrop.
- 32. When would it be dangerous for a mosquito in the rain?
  - (A) When it flies too close to the ground.
  - (B) When the rain falls too hard and too fast.
  - (C) When it is hit by raindrops too many times.
  - (D) When it drops for more than 6 cm in the rain.

(33-35)

You probably have heard Beethoven's famous piano piece "For Elise," but do you know who "Elise" was?

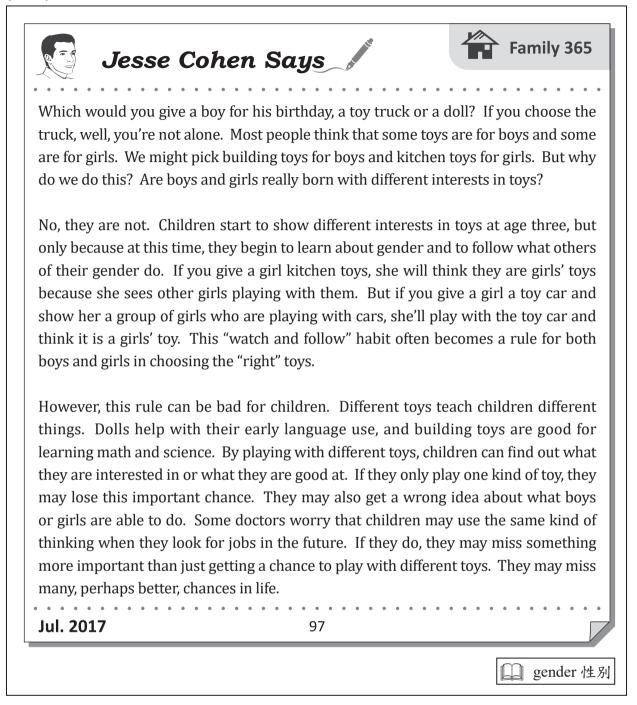
One story is that Elise was Elisabeth Röckel. She once sang in Beethoven's opera *Fidelio*, and the two became very good friends. Beethoven called her "Elise." When Röckel was leaving the city of Vienna, Beethoven wrote "For Elise" to say goodbye to her. Another story is that Elise was Therese Malfatti. Beethoven was in love with



her. He wrote a piece for her and put "For Therese" on the manuscript. Malfatti kept the manuscript and left it to her family when she died. Later, a man copied the manuscript and wrote "For Elise" by mistake. There is another possible Elise: Elise Barensfeld. She learned the piano from Malfatti, the same Malfatti in the second story. To help Malfatti, Beethoven wrote the piece for her to use to teach Barensfeld.

These are just some guesses about who Elise was. We may never know the right answer. No one knew about the piece until 1867, when the manuscript was found. This was 40 years after Beethoven's death, so he wasn't around to tell us who Elise was. Only one thing is for sure: "For Elise" will always be enjoyed.

- 33. What do the three stories in the reading all talk about?
  - (A) Who Beethoven's true love was.
  - (B) Who played "For Elise" the best.
  - (C) How "For Elise" became popular.
  - (D) Why Beethoven wrote "For Elise."
- 34. What do we know about "For Elise" from the reading?
  - (A) It first appeared in the opera *Fidelio*.
  - (B) The true "Elise" was Elise Barensfeld.
  - (C) The manuscript was found after Beethoven died.
  - (D) The manuscript is now kept by the city of Vienna.
- 35. What can we learn about the three women from the stories?
  - (A) They were called "Elise" by their friends.
  - (B) Elisabeth Röckel was a close friend of Beethoven's.
  - (C) Therese Malfatti changed "For Elise" to "For Therese."
  - (D)Elise Barensfeld was Beethoven's student.



36. What idea does Jesse Cohen talk about in the reading?

- (A) Not all kinds of toys are helpful for children's learning.
- (B) Parents should give their children the right toys for their age.
- (C) Children should learn about their gender from playing with toys.
- (D) We should not let gender decide which toys children can play with.

37. In the third paragraph, why does Jesse Cohen think "this rule can be bad for children"?

(A) Children may not want to share their toys with others.

(B) Children may have the wrong idea about following rules.

(C) Children may not be able to learn from playing with toys.

(D) Children may miss the chance to find out what they really like.

- 38. In the reading, after Jesse Cohen talks about an idea, he often gives an example to make it clear. Below are four of the sentences in the third paragraph. Which is used as an example?
  - (A) "However, this rule can be bad for children."
  - (B) "Dolls help with their early language use, and building toys are good for learning math and science."
  - (C) "Some doctors worry that children may use the same kind of thinking when they look for jobs in the future."
  - (D) "If they do, they may miss something more important than just getting a chance to play with different toys."

paragraph 段落

Marie Colvin was a world-famous war reporter. She was born in New York, USA, in 1956 and died in Homs, Syria, in 2012.

When she was a student at Yale University, Colvin decided that she wanted to be a reporter in the future. She joined the *Sunday Times*, a UK newspaper, in 1985 and soon became its Middle East reporter. Besides the Middle East, she also reported from other parts of the world: Chechnya, Kosovo and Sri Lanka, for example. When she was reporting on the war in Sri Lanka, she lost her left eye. But that never stopped her. She still went to dangerous places that few reporters wanted to visit and stayed when others left.

Colvin showed great <u>empathy</u> in her stories. For her, war reporting was not just some quick interviews and a few photos. She wrote about real people and their real lives. Her writing made you feel so strongly about these people's stories, just like they were your own. She hoped that through her work the world would understand what really happened in war, and would take action to stop the fighting.

On February 22, 2012, the day after she gave her report on the war in Homs, Colvin was killed when the house she was staying in was attacked. She always knew what price a war reporter might have to pay. She already lost an eye before. This time, she gave her life to the work she could not give up — telling the true stories to the world.

🛄 war 戰爭

- 39. What is the reading mostly about?
  - (A) Marie Colvin's war reports.
  - (B) Marie Colvin's working life.
  - (C) Marie Colvin's schooldays at Yale.
  - (D) Marie Colvin's experiences in Homs.
- 40. What does it mean when someone has empathy?
  - (A) They are good at taking war photos.
  - (B) They like to read other people's life stories.
  - (C) They are able to understand how other people feel.
  - (D) They are good at helping people change their own lives.
- 41. Which is true about Marie Colvin?
  - (A) The chance to study at Yale made her leave her job in the Middle East.
  - (B) The experience in Sri Lanka did not change her way of reporting news.
  - (C) She was killed in Homs when she was interviewing soldiers there for her report.
  - (D) She was not sure what to do in the future until she worked for the Sunday Times.

(42-43)

## NiceReads $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ e https://www.nicereads.com.tw/comments v Speaking American is a great book! Lucia Leisure $\star \star \star \star \star$ I just love Josh Katz's new book! It's about 42 in different parts of the US. The information in the book was collected from the guiz that Katz built on the website in 2013. The guiz asked what words people use for something, and their answers showed interesting facts. For example, there are different names for sports shoes. In most parts of the US, people say "tennis shoes." In the northeast of the country, people wear "sneakers." In some towns, "tennis shoes" and "sneakers" become "gym shoes." The use of words tells us where people are from, like Katz's book says. But in my experience, it also shows 43 . My family has lived in New York since my grandparents. It's not surprising that I say "sneakers." But my grandfather says "plimsolls," and my daughter says "kicks" or "vans." Maybe Katz can study this difference for his next book. website 網站

- 42. (A) what things are called
  - (B) how sports are played
  - (C) why different languages are spoken
  - (D) what words are often spelled differently
- 43. (A) how old they are
  - (B) who they speak to
  - (C) where they grew up
  - (D) whether they are men or women